The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY DECEMBER 29, 1902 XL—NO 40

THE BASKETS ALL DELIVERED.

Salvation Army's Christmas Treat a Success.

OVER $150 WAS CONTRIBUTED.

Captain Black Only Asked for $125, so That His Fondest Anticipations Have Been More Than Realized—A Bag of Candy and a Christmas Gift Went to Every One of 300 Children.

"God bless the Salvation Army!" was the expression which everywhere greeted Captain Black Thursday morning while on his errand of mercy in distributing the baskets containing Christmas dinners for 61 poor families. "If you hadn't brought this gift I would have done without any Christmas dinner at all," said one poor old woman with tears in her eyes. Everywhere was heard nothing but praise for Captain Black and his corps of assistants for their work. At one place Captain Black found an old civil war veteran. He had evidently been watching for the arrival of the basket and with a "God bless you and the Army," he grabbed the basket and, old though he was, danced around the floor like a pleased child. "These and other similar scenes greeted us everywhere and those who contributed to the fund for this work alone are responsible," said Captain Black today.

Sixty-one baskets were distributed to the most needy families of the city. In addition to the long list of delicacies, a War Cry, the Army paper, and a large picture of General and Mrs. Booth, of the Salvation Army, were placed in the baskets.

At the barracks Thursday evening one of the most joyful entertainments ever held there was witnessed by a crowd of over three hundred people, including about two hundred children and one hundred adults. A large Christmas tree stood in the front of the room, almost hidden from view by the hundreds of presents upon it. There was a gift for everybody. Small toys, books, skates, rifles and everything imaginable was handed out to the children after the programme had been completed. The announcement made by Captain Black that he would hand out clothing to those in need was not carried out. This clothing will be distributed, beginning today. Captain Black wishes to announce that all in need of warm articles of winter clothing who call at the barracks will be given them.

In the evening the programme printed in Wednesday's Independent was carried out. In addition to the scheduled events, the Rev. L. H. Stewart delivered a short address, Mr. and Mrs. Stockdale and daughter sang a song, as did Miss Williams. The tableaux of "Rock of Ages," as presented by Miss Minnie Crothers, was enthusiastically applauded.

At the completion of the programme the children marched forward and past the stage in single file. As they passed Captain Black and his assistants, each was presented with a bag of candy and a Christmas gift.

Over $141 was received by Captain Black before Thursday evening, and in addition to this excess of $16 over what was originally solicited, a collection of $10 or more was made at the barracks during the evening, making the total amount contributed for the Christmas treat over $150.

Captain Black wishes to thank, through the columns of The Independent, all who contributed to aid in the work of making this a happy Christmas for the poor of Massillon.

AT THE STATE HOSPITAL.

The Annual Christmas Tree and Entertainment.

The annual Christmas treat and entertainment was held at the Massillon state hospital Wednesday evening in McKinley hall. Over two thousand patients and visitors were present. The Vandersall children, of Canton, furnished a programme of singing, recitations, impersonations and dialogues.

A large Christmas tree had been erected on the stage and was laden with over two thousand presents. Electric lights of various colors were strung over the tree. To one side a star glimmered, representing the Star of Bethlehem. The star was so arranged that it gradually grew brighter until it fairly dazzled the eyes of the audience. Superintendent Eyman made up a list of the names of those patients who had not received presents before Wednesday night, and a subscription was taken up among the staff members and attendants, and a sufficient sum contributed to purchase presents for them.

On account of the inclement weather only a very few Massillonians were present.

The hospital mail has been so heavy during the past three days that it has been necessary to use an express wagon to do the delivering of packages received through the mail and by express.

The regular Friday evening dance will be held this evening and special music will be furnished by the hospital orchestra.

CROWDS AT CHURCH.

Tenth Anniversary at St. Joseph's—Midnight Service.

In spite of the snow, large congregations attended the services in the churches and the celebrations of Sunday schools on Christmas day and the evening before. The programmes as published in Wednesday's Independent were carried out in every instance.

Particular interest was attached to the Christmas services at St. Joseph's church, it being the tenth anniversary of the dedication of the new church edifice. The first mass was celebrated at 4:30 a. m. An immense congregation was present. Two Jesuit fathers, from Cleveland, assisted the Rev. J. F. Kuebler in the services. At the early morning and 10 o'clock masses the choir, under the direction of Miss Emma Zeisler, rendered the musical programme. At the 8 o'clock mass the service was sung by a chorus of seventy children trained by the sisters of the parish school. The Christmas collection amounted to $263.37.

The Christmas service at St. Timothy's church began at 11:30 Christmas eve. It consisted of the regular morning prayer and communion service, most of which was intoned by the rector. The choir rendered an unusually beautiful musical prorgamme. A good sized congregation was present.

FLEISCHER VS. BLOOMBERG.

Jurors Deny All Charges of Misconduct.

The jurors in the case of Fleisher Brothers against H. A Bloomberg & Company, who were accused of misconduct by the plaintiffs in their motion for a new trial, have come back at their accusers and brand all the sworn statements made against them as falsehoods.

George N. Snyder, one of the jurors who was charged with making certain statements to John Coholan, filed an affidavit in which he says that he does not know Coholan and never made any of the statements with reference to wanting a chance to get on a jury to fix the Bloombergs. He did not know that they had been sued until the case was placed upon the assignment for trial. With reference to the letter getting into the jury room which had been ruled out by the court, Snyder says that he discovered the letter and knowing that it had no business among the papers, he put it in his pocket until he saw the court bailiff when he gave it to him, and that it was turned over to the judge who had heard the case. It was not considered by the jury in the deliberations.

George W. Henrich, the juror whom Game Warden Andrew Dangeleisen swore had made a lot of profane speeches to him about the case, also filed an affidavit, in which he denied ever making such statements, and denounces all the charges as untrue. He says Dangeleisen's affidavit is false in every particular.

Another affidavit was also filed in which it is stated that Coholan, Snyder's accuser, is a brother-in-law of the Bloombergs and is in their employ. The motion for a new trial will be fought by the plaintiffs.—Canton News-Democrat.

ROOSEVELT'S ANSWER.

Italian Government Receives Note of Declination.

Rome, Dec. 27.—Ambassador Meyer today presented to the Italian government President Roosevelt's note on the Venezuelan controversy. The President said he was much pleased at the confidence of the governments shown by asking him to act as arbitrator, which he would have accepted if there were no other means of settling the question. He thinks it better to submit it to The Hague tribunal, especially as all parties concerned are willing. The President adds that as there is no cession of territory involved, and no question of national honor, he is in accord with all the powers concerned, who have shown an honorable spirit of mutual consideration and moderation. He is glad to be informed that they have all agreed to submit the question to The Hague tribunal.

THE WEDDINGS OF CHRISTMAS.

Miss Packer Becomes Mrs. Coron Kaler.

MANY GUESTS WERE PRESENT.

The Ceremony was Performed by the Rev. O. E. Hall at the Home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Segner, in South Erie Street—Marriage of Mr. Harry Yost and Miss Zora Miller—Other Weddings.

A pretty wedding occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Segner, in South Erie street, Thursday evening, when Miss Chloe Ethel Packer, a sister of Mrs. Segner, and Mr. Coron Kaler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Romulus Kaler, of Newman, were married by the Rev. O E. Hall. The bride was gowned in white Paris muslin and carried white roses. The bridesmaid was Miss Rebecca Packer, a sister of the bride, and the best man was Louis Heinbrook. The wedding march from Lohengrin was played by Mrs. M. Neal. The house was prettily decorated with cut flowers and holly. After the ceremony, supper was served on small tables in the dining room. The bride and groom were seated under a small basket of mistletoe. After supper the guests were entertained by Miss Golden Segner, who sang several solos.

The out of town guests were Homer Young, of Columbus; Miss Myrtle Young and Miss Maston, of Roscoe; Adolph Kaler and Miss Martha Walters, of Canton; Mr. and Mrs. George Stover, of Canal Fulton; George Williams, of Fontinette, Ind.; Mr. and Mrs. George Imboden, of Dalton; Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Humbert, of Barberton; Mrs. J. W. Pollard and son, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Mr. and Mrs. Romulus Kaler, of Newman. Mr. and Mrs. Kaler left Friday morning for Barberton where they will spend a short honeymoon. Upon their return they will take up their residence on a farm west of the city.

MILLER-YOST.

Mr. Harry Yost and Miss Zora Miller, daughter of the late F. G. Miller were quietly married at the First M E. parsonage in North street, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock by the Rev. L. H. Stewart. The groom is employed in Russell & Company's office. The bride lives at 82 North street. For several years she was a teacher in the Massillon public schools. Mr. and Mrs. Yost will begin housekeeping in Front street, where the groom had furnished a house in preparation for this event.

LYONS-BREEDEN.

Mr. Blick Breeden and Miss Roxie Lyons were the names given to Mayor Bell Christmas afternoon by a young couple who appeared in his court room with a marriage certificate. The ceremony was performed by his honor at 5 o'clock. The groom lives in Massillon, but the bride gives Kentucky as her home.

BREEDEN-WOODS.

Squire Sibila united Mr. Joseph B. Woods and Miss Ollie Breeden in marriage Christmas afternoon at 3 o'clock. The groom is employed at the Massillon Iron and Steel Company's plant. The bride is a Massillon resident.

PERRITT-HOOPENGARNER.

Mr. J. Hoopengarner and Miss Eva May Perritt were married Wednesday evening at the bride's home, 33 North street, by the Rev. L. H. Stewart. Both are Massillon residents. A large number of friends and relatives were present.

A FAMOUS FENCER.

Prof. Anders Randolph, of Denmark, at the Hotel Conrad.

One of the best known fencers in the United States, Professor Anders Randolph is a guest at the Hotel Conrad. Professor Randolph is a native of Denmark and has been a pupil and teacher of fencing for nearly twenty years. He has fenced with almost all of the great fencing masters in the world today and has defeated one of them in a long and tedious cones. Professor Randolph has an interesting history. He was a member of the Royal Grade Hussars of Denmark, a graduate of the French School of Arms, champion swordsman of Denmark, Prussia, Norway and Sweden, and was formerly with Lieutenant Butts, the instigator and instructor of gymnastics in the United States army.

B. & O. IMPROVEMENTS.

Distances to Pittsburg and Chicago to be Shortened.

Baltimore, Dec. 27.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company is about to build a railroad some two hundred miles long that will shorten the distance between Baltimore and Pittsburg by at least fifty miles and, in connection with cut-offs to be built west of Pittsburg, will bring Chicago eighty miles nearer Baltimore so far as travel by the Baltimore & Ohio is concerned.

This new line will utilize the old South Penn route, which became an object of great popular interest when originally planned as a link in a line which would bring the Vanderbilt railroads to Baltimore, the Western Maryand being the means of access to this city. The Pennsylvania railroad, however, was quick to head off this project by an invasion of Vanderbilt territory, and the two systems finally adjusted their differences, with the result that the Vanderbilts abandoned their scheme to add Baltimore to the list of important terminals.

While railroad men look upon the step which the Baltimore & Ohio is about to take as the logical advance of the broad improvement policy of the management, there is no doubt that the active progress of the Gould plans in connection with the eastward extension of the Wabash and the known intention of building a line from Pittsburg to meet the Western Maryland has accelerated the starting of this big piece of work. If the South Penn project was not utilized there was nothing to prevent the Goulds condemning a right of way along the same route.

Another important consideration in the construction of this road is that the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio managements have reached the conclusion that a great increase in the facilities for handling traffic between Pittsburg and the seaboard is vital to the continued prosperity of he Pittsburg region.

EXPRESS COMPANIES SUED.

Charged With Violating Dow Law in Harrison County.

Cadiz, O., Dec. 27.—Prosecuting Attorney B. W. Rowland has brought suit against the Adams Express Company and the Union Pacific Express Company for the collection of $27,720, representing the amount due under the Dow liquor tax, as the two express companies are charged with selling liquor or keeping a place where such sales are made at Cadiz, Scio, Jewett and eight other points in the county.

The suit is for five years' Dow tax at $350 per year with the twenty per cent penalty added. The sales were made C. O. D. and recent testimony in court here proved that the agents knew what they were handling. It will be a test case and will, no doubt, be carried up to the highest court.

FARMERS ORGANIZING.

National Society Incorporated at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Dec. 27.—The National Society of Equity of North America has been incorporated here. It was organized after months of correspondence between all parts of the country. Its objects are:

To promote organization and cooperation among farmers, stock men, horticulturists, gardeners and men of kindred vocations by the establishment of a national society, with such branch and local societies as may be necessary to carry out such objects; to obtain profitable prices for all products of the farm and garden and orchard; to encourage the building and maintenance of cold storage houses and warehouses in the principal market cities, or in all the localities necessary, so that farm produce may be held for advantageous prices; to encourage the prohibition of the adulteration of food and the marketing of the same; to secure legislation in the interest of agriculture, horticulture, stock raising and gardening; to secure equitable rates of transportation; open up new markets and enlarge old ones, secure new seeds, grain, fruit, vegetables, etc., from foreign countries, disseminate the same, with a view of the improvement of present crops and giving greater variety; to report crops, crop conditions and market reports in this and foreign countries, so that farmers may operate intelligently in planting and marketing; to encourage the establishment of institutions of learning, so that farmers and their sons and daughters may be educated in scientific farming and for the general advancement of agriculture; to encourage the improvement of highways and the irrigation of our land; to promote social intercourse; to encourage the settlement of disputes without recourse to law, and to establish similar societies in foreign countries.

HOSPITAL NOTES.

Patients Now Busy Writing Letters of Thanks.

ALL LIKED THEIR PRESENTS.

Something About the Mechanism of the Star of Bethleham Which Glittered From the Top of the Christmas Tree—Hospital Barnyard Reinforced With Four Well Bred Pigs—General Brinkerhoff's Gift to be Placed in Position—Personal Notes.

Christmas being over at the Massillon state hospital affairs there have fallen back into the even tenor of their way. By the patients the joys and happiness of the festive occasion will not soon be forgotten. The picture of that beautiful star, the dazzling tree and the distribution of the presents will be a bright spot in their memories for many days to come. As is the custom, the patients, those of whom are able, are allowed to write to those persons who sent them gifts and thank them for their kind remembrances. Dr. James McGeorge has charge of this work and he has his hands full reading and then addressing six hundred letters. The institution was only compelled to furnish three hundred patients with Christmas presents. Most of the firms with which the institution deals, and to whom Dr. Eyman sent cards requesting donations, responded liberally and with these donations he was able to supply the friendless and homeless patients. Dr. Eyman wishes to publicly acknowledge these favors. He says the gifts thus obtained were fully appreciated by those to whom they were given.

The device which regulated the twinkling of the star at the entertainment on Christmas eve is the invention of Electrician Frank Edelman. When the arrangement was proposed Mr. Edelman was at his wits end to know what to make to produce the desired effect. But after serious thoufght, he says, "it just came to him," and after it was constructed it was found to work perfectly. It is a simple rheostat by which the current turned into the lamps is increased or diminished to any desired voltage. By first increasing the power to the maximum and then reducing it to the minimum was responsible for the twinkling effect. A device for changing the lettering of an illuminated banner on which was written "Merry Christmas" is another invention of Electrician Edelman's. This device consists of a metal cylinder on which at various intervals are strips of paper which break the circuit and thus extinguish the lamps. A row of copper brushes then run on the cylinder and these brushes are connected with one pole of the dynamo and the cylinder is connected with the other pole. As the cylinder revolves the current is turned on and off as the paper comes under the brushes. In this way the lights back of the different letters are turned on and extinguished at will. One of the peculiar effects produced was the extinguishing of the letters in turn from S to M. Electrician Edelman has not yet decided whether to obtain a patent on his novel device or not.

The Massillon state hospital, through Dr. Eyman, has been presented with one of the finest sun dials that the government has ever produced. The giver of the dial is General Brinkerhoff, of Mansfield. The dial is made of solid brass and has upon its face the four points of the compass. It indicates the months of the year and will tell the time as accurately as the best watches, its face being graduated to such an extent that it tells everything but the seconds. Dr. Eyman is having a fine stone mount made for it on which are being carved the words: "I point the hours. Thou livest. God records." The dial will be placed on the lawn in front of Dr. Eyman's residence. It requires great skill in placing the stone, it being necessary to place the dial at a certain exact angle.

With the addition of four new ones during the past week the hospital barnyard now has about three hundred pigs. The four which were received last week are of thoroughbred stock and are Chester Whites. The demand for pork at the hospital is very great in the winter months. There are six pigs killed every Tuesday.

The masquerade party this year at the hospital will be held February 20. The date formerly has been February 23 but that date falls on Sunday this year. For two consecutive years the prize has been taken by the same man. The patients look forward to the coming of this dance with great pleasure.

Miss Boone, Dr. Eyman's stenographer, is spending the holidays at her home in Salem.

Homer Dern spent Christmas at the residence of Dr. H. C. Eyman.

Dr. Caroline Colver has been confined to her room for several days past on account of a severe cold contracted during the rehearsals and presentation of "Little Miss Nobody." It will probably be several days longer before she will be able to leave her room.

THE RUNAWAY PRINCESS.

If Divorce is Secured She Will Marry Prof. Giron.

Geneva, Dec. 27.—The Crown Princess of Saxony, Professor Giron, Archduke Leopold and Mlle. Adamovios, the actress, of whom the archduke is enamoured, took a promenade here this morning, the couples walking arm in arm. They were all in high spirits. They visited jewelers' and other shops, and exchanged presents. The party dined together in the evening. They are receiving many letters and telegrams, and today they visited the postoffice to send replies.

A lawyer had a lengthy interview with the fugitives today. A lawyer representing the Crown Prince is expected here tomorrow. The Crown Princess and Mlle. Adamovics refuse to employ maids, preferring to wait on themselves.

The Crown Princess has issued a statement declaring that she does not intend to return to her husband. She will not go to Austria or Germany until the dissolution of her marriage is arranged, as she is persuaded that she would be represented as being insane and placed in an asylum. Archduke Leopold announces that he will not leave Geneva until a settlement of his sister's difficulties is effected. He declares that he accompanied her expressly to protect and help her.

Rome, Dec. 27.—It is stated that as the result of negoiations with the Court of Saxony the Pope has sent a prelate to Geneva to report on the action of the Crown Princess of Saxony, who recently fled from her husband. The Princess is a devout Catholic. The Pope, it is said, recommends that she enter a convent for a time, after which he hopes to effect a reconciliation, as it is stated he did once previously.

Brussels, Dec. 27.—It is stated here that if the Pope sanctions the dissolution of the marriage between the Crown Prince and Crown Princess of Saxony M. Giron will marry the Princess. The couple are expected to arrive here shortly to reside permanently.

AWFUL WRECK IN CANADA.

Trains Collide and Twenty-four Deaths Result.

London, Ont., Dec. 27.—In a collision last night at Wanstead, forty miles east of this city, between a westbound passenger and an eastbound fast freight, it is reported twenty-four persons were killed and eighteen injured. The express was an hour late, and the freight should have taken a siding at Wanstead. The baggage and express cars were telescoped into the smoker, with frightful results. Hardly a single passenger escaped injury. The other cars remained on the track. Engineer Gillies and the fireman of the passenger train were among the killed.

The smoker had its sides knocked out and the roof fell in on the passengers, penning them in their places. The wreck then caught fire. Passengers who escaped threw snow on the fire with their hats and hands, avoiding an awful catastrophe. It took two hours to extract the dead and injured, who were brought here. The work of identifying the dead and caring for the wounded is progressing as fast as possible. The accident is said to be due to the failure of an operator to give orders to the express train to meet the freight. The superintendent of the road says the operator was one of the oldest on the road, and he cannot understand how he made the blunder.

COLD IN THE SOUTH.

Away Below the Freezing Point in Florida.

New Orleans, Dec. 27.—This is the coldest day of the winter. The thermometer stood at 28 at 6 a. m. The freeze extends throughout the sugar region.

Jacksonville, Fla.—Thermometer 34 here, and 20 at Tampa. It is feared the young orange trees are badly injured. There is still some fruit on the trees, which may be unharmed.

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THE INDEPENDENT

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BELL DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
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TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON, O.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1902.

To illustrate the increasing earning powers of the ever industrious American hen, it is sated that in Missouri during the last fiscal year, the sum derived from the sale of poultry and eggs ran $17,000 ahead of all the other products of the state combined. The totals show that the hen, left in a condition of comparative neglect while the farmer devoted himself to the field crops, outstripped them all, including corn, wheat, oats, flax, timothy, castor beans, cotton seed, tobacco, broom corn, hay and straw.

It is easily apparent that the great danger of the present situation with regard to the Venezuelan dispute lies in the increasing chance, with every day's delay, in a settlement, that something may occur which will compel the United States government to define more clearly the scope of the policy and rights which it assumes under the Monroe doctrine. Washington dispatches indicate that no doubt is felt at the White House that the time is rapidly approaching when this definition must be given, and, once formally made known, be adhered to by the United States. There have been indications recently that European nations were chafing over the failure of this government to explain more explicitly the extent of the protection which it assumes over the republics of Latin America.

A non advertising policy is sure to kill trade. No better proof of the truth of this assertion is to be found than the history of the bicycle combination, including all the leading bicycle companies of the United States, formed several years ago. The New York Advertiser thus tells the story: One of the first apparent results (of the combination) was the cessation of the large individual advertising campaigns which marked the progress of the individual companies. The trust used very little advertising and merely endeavored to popularize the names of its leading machines. Some time ago this great concern, the American Bicycle Company, went into the hands of a receiver. Col. A. A. Pope, who was the pioneer advertiser in the cycle field and whose Columbia wheels were for years the standard of perfection in bicycle production, was recently asked about the outlook for the company in the future. After saying that the Columbia factory at Hartford would soon resume operations he added: "The cessation of advertising killed the bicycle business, and the way to revive it is to resume that same important matter. You can see how I feel in he matter when I tell you that I spent $500,000 in one year in that sort of publicity, and that it is my idea for the future—to advertise." When the trust was organized the wiseacres said: 'We are spending our earnings for advertising—if we combine all the leading companies we need only do as much advertising for all as one company is now doing.' This policy was followed and the result has been a decline in what has been called the bicycle fad—the trust is in the hands of a receiver and the industry paralyzed. The cracker trust, the tobacco trust and others have been notable successes—the bicycle trust a notable failure. The first have been liberal—nay, prodigal, advertisers. They have been constantly placing new names before the public and almost without exception achieving individual successes. The bicycle people endeavored to advertise half a dozen or more wheels in a general way—there was nothing specific in the announcements—with failure as the final result.

NAMES OF THE STATES.

Somebody at Washington has suggested that Oklahoma, plus the Indian Territory, be admitted into the Union as the state of Jefferson, and that New Mexico, plus Arizona, be admitted as the state of McKinley. We file an immediate and emphatic objection to the names proposed for the new states—an objection on general principles.

The place of Thomas Jefferson and William McKinley in history and in the remembrance of their country is secure. Those great men are not in any need of the clumsy compliment, an offense against good taste, which this person at the national capital would pay them. If living, they would be the first to veto it. Their greatness will not be enhanced an iota by printing their names in big letters across colored spots on the maps. The naming of states after men is all wrong. It is bad enough that our broad strip of the country should be so thickly sown with Jacksonvilles, Smithtowns, Jonesburgs, etc. Do you hear anybody at Washington proposing to change the name of Manila to Deweyville, or of Santiago de Cuba to Roosevelton, or of San Juan de Puerto Rico to Milesburg? It was a mistake to name our far northwestern state after our first president. There is no state of Lincoln; we hope there never may be, though his name (like Wahington's and Jefferson's) would lend itself more readily to such an unnecessary, undesirable use than the name of McKinley. "The state of McKinley is bounded so and so. The capital of McKinley, etc.; the principal product of McKinley, etc.; the geological formation of McKinley, etc." Does any American really want to make a contribution of that sort to the geographies, cyclopaedias and gazeteers?

Connecticut is one of the twenty-six states that have Indian names. Very good the Indian names are, though we once heard a red-whiskered British tourist in a railroad car express the opinion that Westport is a much more "sensible" name for a town than Saugatuck. Colorado, Florida, Nevada—these are musical names. Americans of this time have quite forgotten the royal vanity or royal favoritism or courtier flattery that gave Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia, Louisiana, their names. The name of our Empire state has utterly disassociated itself from the memory of the Duke of York in honor of whom it was bestowed; the name of Delaware suggests the noble river, but not at all the amiable, dead-and-gone English nobleman. New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, New Jersey, are all well enough; Indian names would have been better. Pennsylvania is a hybrid monster of a name that would have given Horace the shivers. It conveys from age to age the information that Friend Willam Penn was a large landed proprietor, and that his land was principally woodland.

The suggestion of the Washington persons should be voted down. Oklahoma is a better name for a new state than Jefferson, and New Mexico (though not ideal) is a much better name for a new state than McKinley.—Hartford Courant.

THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Lenders Wanted High Rates and Were Left With Funds on Hands—Investment Demand for Bonds.

New York, Dec. 27.—The activity and the buoyancy developed in the stock market yesterday came as something like a surprise. The market started off in as dull and listless a manner as possible. The tightness of the money market was looked to as a factor to repress speculation, and this was the case early in the day, at which time the call loan rate rose to 12 per cent, with loans reported at 15 per cent. Later in the day it developed that lenders were oversupplied and were left with considerable funds on their hands as a result of holding out for high rates.

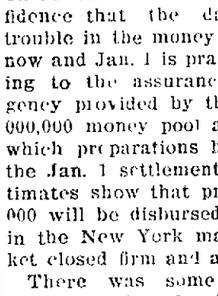
Low priced stocks came into special favor and many of them were taken up successively and sharply advanced. There was undoubtedly a general confidence that the danger of serious trouble in the money market between now and Jan. 1 is practically past, owing to the assurance against emergency provided by the bankers' $50,000,000 money pool and the stage to which preparations have reached for the Jan. 1 settlements. Confident estimates show that probably $132,000,000 will be disbursed during January in the New York market. The market closed firm and active.

There was some investment demand manifest for bonds, especially among some of the well-secured issues. Total sales, par value, $2,200,000

United States 2s and 4s advanced ¼ and the 5s, coupon, ½ per cent on the last call.

Misunderstood Orders.

Edison, O., Dec. 27.—The eastbound Cincinnati and Eastern express on the Big Four was derailed at the crossing of the Toledo and Ohio Central railroad here while running at a high rate of speed early yesterday. The accident resulted from a misunderstanding of signals, the passenger train going off the track at a derailing switch. One of the two engines attached to the train was totally wrecked. Engineer Stump and Brakemen Reed and Lampkin all received slight injuries. No passengers were hurt.



AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it today. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

CLERGYMAN AS A SALOON OWNER.

Rev. George K. MacDonald's Views on Liquor Selling.

WILL NOT TOLERATE PROFANITY

Former Pastor of a Long Island City Church Says He Intends to Run a Decent Place—Believes In Free Lunches and Likes to See Men Drink Beer—How He Quieted an Obstreperous Customer.

The Rev. George K. MacDonald, who recently resigned the pastorate of the East Avenue Baptist church at Long Island City, is now the owner of a saloon in the Bronx section of New York city. He employs two bartenders; but, clad in a white coat and apron, he presides behind the bar personally.

Last May, at the meeting in his old church of the annual convention of the Sunday School association of Queens and Nassau counties, Mr. MacDonald delivered the address of welcome to his clerical brethren and the other delegates of the two counties.

A New York Herald reporter the other day found Mr. MacDonald standing behind the bar of his new saloon.

"So you have found me out, have you?" he said, with a smile that displayed an excellent set of teeth and a mouth easily curved to merriment. "An interview?" he repeated. "No, I do not object to an interview, since you have found me here. I am not at all ashamed to be found in my new vocation, and I am quite willing to explain my position and set myself properly before the public. If there is one person I despise more than another, it is a hypocrite."

Here Mr. MacDonald paused to hand out the Scotch whisky and the seltzer siphon to a pair of letter carriers off duty, who had just come in, and opportunity was afforded to inspect his establishment while he prepared the highballs and filled a pail with beer for a waiting teamster.

"Now for the interview," said the former preacher as he turned after ringing up the price of the cocktails on his cash register. "Sympathy in my position? Why, yes; I have had letters of sympathy from all parts of the country since the wide publication of my farewell sermon. I had one only the other day from Clarence Hamilton, the mayor of Pictou, N. S.—I was born in Nova Scotia—expressing the heartiest sympathy with me. These people who write to me only know of my resignation and the reasons for it. Of course the writers do not yet know I have become a saloon keeper. I do not know how they might feel about that. For that reason it would not be right for me to permit the publication of these letters. It might seem to place my friends in a false position.

"As for liquor, I have been a moderate user of alcoholic stimulants all my life. My father, who died in 1894, was a sea captain and a Scotchman. I have always been accustomed to seeing spirits kept in the house and to using them in moderation. When I have wanted a drink, I have gone openly into a saloon. Scorning to resort to side doors or to stealth, I have bought what I wanted. I did this even when I was the pastor of a church and thought it no sin to do so.

"The thing that has disgusted me is to see men who stand high in the church sneaking into side doors to get their liquor or taking me surreptitiously to a sideboard, as if there were something shocking to be concealed. As I said before, I hate a hypocrite; I scorn a Pharisee. I have more respect, far more, for the man who walks openly into a saloon to buy his drink and who knows when to abstain than I have for the fellow, however lofty his reputation, who sneaks into a side door to get it after dark."

Mr. MacDonald said he had never been one of those clergymen who affect black clothing exclusively and coats cut high at the throat, and his garb therefore did not advertise the sacred nature of his calling. His sole apparent concession to clerical conventionality of dress was in the neat white bow necktie, which seemed to harmonize well enough with the spotless white of his bar jacket and apron.

The former preacher is a man of fine physique, strong of build and athletic. He has a clear, blond complexion, with a touch of good color in the cheeks, frank blue gray eyes, a symmetrical forehead and light brown hair and mustache.

"I am not aware," he went on, "that I have changed my views materially of Christian ethics, of Christian conduct, or, for that matter, of Christian theology. I have come to realize that some of my former views were too narrow, and they have perhaps broadened as I have grown older. Not in the sense that I would license or palliate sin of any kind. But it has seemed to me that most of the clergy of the present day have failed to understand and to reach men as they are.

"Nothing has ever given me more satisfaction than to come into contact with the masses of men as I have met them since I came here. I have always been in hearty sympathy with the masses, the average men, as one meets them in the everyday life of the world, and, according to my observation, the church has signally failed to reach them.

"I am well aware that the business of the saloon keeper is looked down upon, despised by the average of the churchgoing community, but I cannot share that feeling. Saloons, like theaters, may be good or bad. I must confess that nothing, perhaps, in all my life has given me more satisfaction than to serve a warm luncheon to a lot of workingmen at the noon hour or a cheap hot dinner later at the price of a glass of beer, 5 cents. I can see no harm in his taking the glass of beer.

"It contains 96 per cent of water and only 4 per cent of alcoholic stimulant. I make it a point to serve a good free lunch, with fish chowder, clam broth or something else hot and nutritious from 11 until 2 o'clock for the workingmen, who are already flocking here in droves, and from 5 to 12 o'clock at night they may find a similar lunch.

"You know it was Jesus himself who said that it is 'not that which a man putteth into his mouth that defileth him, but rather that which proceedeth out of his mouth.' No, I have no intention of combining Scriptural exposition with the service of a saloon, but this you may depend upon—I do not intend to tolerate blasphemy, profanity or obscenity in this saloon. I intend to run a decent place, and I want no other class of custom."

"How do you expect to stop that kind of talk?" I asked the saloon keeper moralist.

"I don't anticipate any serious trouble in stopping it, and another thing I won't do is to serve liquor to a man who has had already enough or too much. Both my bartenders have had strict orders never to serve an intoxicated person, and I am personally in charge of the bar from half past 9 o'clock in the morning often until late at night."

"But suppose blackguards come in and refuse to be good, what will you do to stop them?"

"Oh, well, I had one little experience the other night for illustration. A big teamster, who comes in occasionally, was intoxicated, and I refused to serve him whisky. I tried to make him content with some clam broth, but he was ugly, and he started to curse and call me foul names. I came out from behind the bar and said quietly: 'Gus, you mustn't do that here. I won't have that kind of talk. It doesn't go in this place while I run it.'

"Well, he sat down, swore he would have whisky and became more abusive and foul than ever. So I just went over to where he sat. I grasped his forearm and put a bit of a twist on it, and he came up standing easily enough. Then I led him to the side door. I didn't put him out. I took him out, and, as he lives near by, I just took him home. He was as mild as a kitten when I left him. Now, I've an idea he won't be offensive that way again."

As Mr. MacDonald spoke of the "bit of a twist" he had employed he illustrated the hold graphically enough to prove that he must have been one of the church militant.

Mr. MacDonald expressed his views on the Raines law and on the Baptist doctrine of close communion with equal candor.

"I think the Raines law abominable," he said, "but I am going to live up to it. No, not so much because I could not keep open after 1 o'clock in the morning if I wanted to. They all do around here, and this place stands all right with the police, I guess. But, you see, I live with my family in Long Island City. That is an hour's journey from here, and I am glad enough to close when the proper time comes.

"There will be no rooms for rent over this saloon. I purchased the business on Dec. 8, 1902, and gave $4,000 for it, and I have spent $400 already stocking it. The building was new last summer, and the fittings of the place cost about $3,000. I have taken the saloon on a seven year lease. I do not expect ever to preach again as a pastor, but some day I may lecture, and if I do the topic will be something like 'Men as They Are.'"

While the talk progressed the cash register was ringing in the next room right merrily. Dennis Hines and his assistant bartender, who from the depth of their experience are teaching Mr. MacDonald the mysteries of mixed drinks, were kept busy serving the former minister's growing trade.

"I never even drew a glass of beer from a keg until this week," said he, "much less tried to make a cocktail, but these are things an intelligent man learns easily enough."

Turning to the cash register, he opened it, and the figures showed that 577 customers had been served for the day, and it was only 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

"The night trade is of course the largest," said the new proprietor. "We are averaging from 1,000 to 1,500 customers daily, and the 'pint trade'—in kettles, you know—amounts to about seventy-five a day. It is a good stand, near Willis avenue, and the new rapid transit road will run right by it. Many of the workmen employed on it come here now. I am gaining trade from other saloon keepers already. How do I do it? By selling better whisky for 10 cents, by giving larger 'pints' of beer for 5 cents and by setting out a good, honest lunch."

Mr. MacDonald seemed to detect nothing incongruous in the conversation on church doctrines momentarily interrupted to serve men and women who, in the language of the unecclesiastical, were "rushing the growler." He served all promptly and generously, and for most of them he had a genial word.

Tawney's Ice Cutting Pun.

Congressman Jim Tawney, bustling out of the house, ran into Congressman Dave Mercer recently, says a Washington dispatch to the New York World.

"What is going on inside?" asked Mr. Mercer.

"Well," replied Mr. Tawney, "Allen of Maine has a bill that is likely to cut some ice."

"What is that?"

"A bill for an ice breaker on the Kennebec river." And then Mr. Tawney ducked just in time.

GREAT NILE RESERVOIR.

Advantages to Be Derived From the Assouan Dam.

What would have been one of the wonders of the world a century ago was completed the other day when the great dam of the Nile at Assouan was formally opened, says the New York Evening Post. It is not only one of the greatest engineering feats of modern times, but bids fair to be one of the most beneficent public works undertaken by any modern government. Completed a year before the contract time, the actual construction of this great reservoir has taken but little more than four years. It makes navigation to Wady Halfa possible throughout the year by means of a canal around the cataract. But its main object is to prevent loss of the crops and a consequent famine by storing sufficient water to supply the irrigation canals even when the Nile flood fails to bring down its rich silt to the tillers of the soil.

More than that, the reservoir will make two crops a year possible, one in winter and one in summer, and this system of double crops is counted on to make Egypt in time one of the richest countries of the world in proportion to its area and population. No work that England has done for the natives in any of its foreign possessions surpasses its achievements in Egypt. The excellence of its administration in the Nile country is indeed the one justification of its failure to keep its solemn pledge to evacuate the country.

The dam is straight from end to end, and its length is about a mile and a quarter. Its width at the top is about 23 feet and at the deepest part 82 feet. The height from the lowest part of the foundation to the top is 131 feet. The interior masonry is rubble granite in four to one cement mortar. The interior casing is of square rock faced granite in two to four cement mortar. The lining of the sluices is heavy granite ashlar or cast iron. The sluices are closed by steel gates, of which the greater number will work on free rollers suspended in frames.

CITY OF PUERTO CABELLO.

Its Forts Offer Poor Resistance to Bombarders From Sea.

The entrance to the inside harbor at Puerto Cabello, in Venezuela, is through a narrow channel not more than a few hundred feet wide, says the New York Times. To the left of this channel as one enters the harbor, situated on a low sand spit, is the fortress which was bombarded by the German and British cruisers. It is an old fashioned structure, which was rebuilt in the eighteenth century. Its sides are comparatively low and would offer only poor resistance to modern shells. It is not probable that the Venezuelan government had any modern cannon there.

The custom house at Puerto Cabello is situated on the right, or mainland, side of the channel. It is a long two story brick building and contains, besides executive offices, large warehouses. Steamships discharging at Puerto Cabello tie up immediately in front of the custom house. The town itself is flat and stretches from the water front inland to the base of the hills, a distance of two or three miles.

The outside harbor at Puerto Cabello is hardly more than a large bay, offering comparatively little protection to shipping. The inside harbor is very secure and quite commodious.

Puerto Cabello as a Venezuelan port is second in importance to La Guayra. The trade of several interior provinces centers there, and Puerto Cabello is the port of Valencia, an important town in the state of Carabobo. A railroad, in which British capital is largely interested, connects Puerto Cabello and Valencia.

ENGINEER TOOTS A HYMN.

Nightly Turns His Big Locomotive Into a Steam Calliope.

Men have mastered the clarinet and tortured the trombone, fretted the flute and murdered the French horn, but a Richmond man can play an air on the whistle of a locomotive, says the New York World.

As the 7:45 pulls out from the Southern depot one may hear every night the air, "There's a land fairer than day." With his hand on the throttle, as the engine swings into the darkness, the engineer plays with the skill of a trained musician the opening bar of the old song. It is his parting salute to his sweetheart.

New Stamped Envelopes.

Within a few months the postoffice department will have ready for delivery a new issue of stamped envelopes radically differing in form from the present envelopes, says a Washington special to the New York Tribune. Four styles are to be made to sell for 1, 2, 4 and 5 cents. At present the stamp on the stamped envelope is elliptical in shape. It is intended to make one of the new stamps rectangular, another will be round, still another will be elliptical, and the other will probably be square. The full details have not yet been settled, nor have the designs been submitted. It is determined, however, to have each of the new envelopes distinct in appearance from the others, so that there will be no confusion among the different styles and shapes.

Kaiser Wilhelm on Freedom.

From the report in the London Times of Emperor William's speech at Gorlitz the following is an extract:

Freedom for thought, freedom in the further development of religion and freedom for our scientific investigation—that is the freedom which I desire for the German people and would win for them, but not freedom to govern themselves as badly as they please.

NEW YEAR'S SWEETS.

A Few Plain and Good Candies That Everybody Likes.

Molasses Taffy.—For this put into a pan a pint of molasses, half a pound of brown sugar, half a teaspoonful of vinegar and an ounce of butter; stir all this over the fire till it comes to the "crack"—that is, till on a piece being dropped into cold water it sets at once and falls to the bottom of the dish with a tinkle like glass; then pour it on the oiled slab. When cool enough to handle, turn in the edges and make it all into a ball; now fix it on a strong hook and pull it all into even strips; then cut into pieces with the scissors.

Ice Cream Taffy.—Boil together, without stirring, from twenty minutes to half an hour two pounds of granulated sugar, one-third of a pint of water, one-sixth of a pint of vinegar, a piece of butter the size of an egg and a tablespoonful of glycerin; when on dropping a little of this into cold water it hardens at once, add to it a small teaspoonful of cream of tartar, pour it all on to well buttered plates to cool and pour two teaspoonfuls of essence of vanilla over the top; let it cool; then pull it till it becomes beautifully white and cut it with the scissors into sticks; if kept a week, it turns quite creamy.

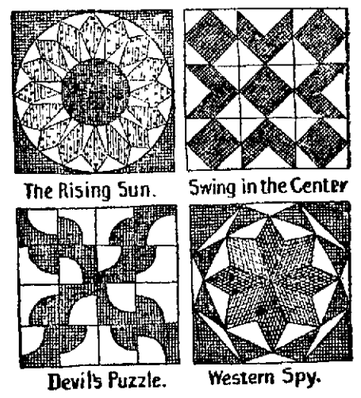
Peanut Caramel.—Peanut caramel is made by putting into a saucepan over the fire a cupful each of molasses and sugar and half a cupful of butter; watch closely while it is cooking and stir when there is danger of its burning or boiling over; test the sirup by dropping a little in ice water, and when it is crisp quickly stir in a cupful of chopped nuts and turn out on buttered tins to cool; mark the candy off into squares when it is partly cool.

QUILT PIECING.

A Good Old Fashion Again In Vogue. Time Honored Patterns.

The bright quilt is again in vogue for bed dressing, and she who possesses heretofore little valued heirlooms of this nature will now be the envy of her less fortunate sisters, says a writer in the Designer in presenting a most fascinating array of old time patterns, among which are those here given.

The piecing of quilt blocks will be found most interesting work even in these days of intricate and handsome fancy work. Instead of calico, or percale, as it is more generally known at



The Rising Sun. Swing in the Center

Devil's Puzzle. Western Spy.

FINE OLD PATTERNS.

present, silk, satin or velvet scraps and bits of ribbon may be used and can be purchased in assorted colors from manufacturing houses.

Each block must be absolutely regular; otherwise the completed quilt will lack the quaint, stiff effectiveness which characterizes all well made patchwork.

The "rising sun" is one of the oldest and prettiest of patterns. It is made in three colors—red, yellow and white—and should be all of pieced work. Use red for the center, then a row of white rays, then yellow, white half diamonds and red corners to complete the square.

"Swing in the center" is made of two colors—light and dark. Odd pieces may be used. Set with strips in sashwork, with solid blocks of white or light, or make all of pieced work.

The "devil's puzzle" is a beautiful quilt when made in two colors only—red and white. It should be all of pieced work.

The "western spy" may be pieced of two colors—light and dark—or the star may be of dark and the other portions, besides the white, of a medium color. It may be all of pieced work or set with plain squares or strips, as preferred.

When used for its intended purpose, the patchwork quilt of the present day is not spread over the bed in counterpane fashion, but is folded and laid at the foot of the bed as a slumber rug, the folding being made so that the pattern is well displayed.

White Fruit Cake.

Beat to a cream one cupful of butter; add gradually two cupfuls of powdered sugar and cream again; add alternately two cupfuls of milk and one quart of sifted flour, beating hard and long. Add gradually the stiffly whipped whites of one dozen eggs, two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one pound of seeded raisins, one pound of figs cut into strips, one-half of a pound of sliced citron, one pound of blanched almonds cut into strips and two cupfuls of grated cocoanut. Line deep pans with several layers of paper, pour in the batter and bake in a very moderate oven about two hours and a half, the time depending upon the thickness of the loaves. This will give two large cakes.

The Prize Toy.

A jolly ending to a Christmas party is the securing of a prize toy. A fine toy is fastened upon the wall and fired at with a paper dart, a tiny bow and arrow or a putty gun. A score is kept and should no one actually hit the toy it is given to the one whose shot is nearest it. Of course the first hit secures the toy to the marksman firing the shot. Second and third prizes may be put up if the hostess thinks well of the suggestion.

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SCARCITY OF COAL.

Cold Wave and Holiday Closing of Anthracite Mines Causes Suffering in the East.

NO IMMEDIATE RELIEF ASSURED

Many Families in Philadelphia Leave Cheerless Homes to Seek Warmth in Hotels and Apartment Houses. New York Faces Coal Famine.

Philadelphia, Dec. 27.—This city is face to face with a coal famine. Two factors have accentuated this situation. These are the present cold wave and the practical shutting down of the mines by the miners for the last half of this week for a Christmas holiday.

One large coal dealer, speaking yesterday of the extension by the miners of their Christmas holiday beyond Christmas day, said:

"The loss of a single day's output at this time is of the most serious consequence. Every curtailment means increased suffering, sickness, and possibly death. My coal yards are empty. There is practically no bituminous coal and no coke being shipped here to relieve the situation."

There is already much distress among the poor, and it is said that if the cold weather continues many more days this distress will become more severe. Hitherto the coal dealers have done all in their power to supply the small storekeepers and street peddlers with coal to be sold by the bucket so as to reach the poor, but this avenue of relief is being closed rapidly.

Many families of moderate circumstances are closing their houses and establishing themselves in apartment houses and hotels.

New York, Dec. 27.—Only about one-half as much coal was received in New York yesterday as has come in each day for the last month. As a result, dealers doled out the precious stuff in homeopathic doses, and then only to those whose demands were urgent.

At Other Points.

Pittsburg, Dec. 27.—Two deaths resulted from the cold yesterday. In both cases the victims were aged men and their dead bodies were found after daylight, frozen stiff in the roadways, near their homes. This brings the number of deaths from the cold up to four. Outside of these there were also many accidents reported as the result of people falling on the icy streets. At 7 o'clock in the morning the mercury had fallen to 11 degrees, and it is probable that before the cold snap ends the mercury will go down to about five degrees above zero.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—The cold is intense throughout the west and northwest. At St. Paul the thermometer registered 19 below zero, at Sioux City, Ia., 15 below, and at many points in Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri 5 to 8 below. Heavy snow is reported all around.

Cleveland, Dec. 27.—Snow has been falling for more than 48 hours throughout the lower lake region. A high northwest gale has caused the snow to drift badly in places along the railway lines running into this city, with the result that much trouble is experienced in maintaining schedule time.

Louisville, Dec. 27.—The coldest weather of the winter was reported yesterday from many places south of the Ohio river. The temperatures reported to the weather bureau ranged from 6 degrees above zero at Evansville, Ind., to 46 at Galveston and 48 at Corpus Christi, Texas.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 27.—The weather here continues clear and cold. The register yesterday was 18. Indications favor continued cold today.

Death List Growing.

Trinidad, Colo., Dec. 27.—A coal miner from north of Trinidad, who was taken out of the debris of the Colorado and Southern freight wreck north of Trinidad, Thursday night, and died a short time later, said just before expiring that there were 14 coal miners beside himself in the car in which he was riding and which was smashed to splinters. The ruins of this car still remain under tons of wreckage. All the men in it must have perished. It is now estimated that the number of dead will reach from 25 to 30. All of the men in the wrecked car were going to Trinidad to spend Christmas. They all came from coal mining camps north of this city.

Will Carry Out Bond Plan.

New York, Dec. 27.—Reports that the bond conversion plan of the United States Steel corporation is to be modified or abandoned because of the recent acquisition of the Union and Sharon Steel companies were authoritatively denied yesterday. The plan will be carried out as soon as the legal obstacles now pending are removed.

Only [illegible] of Crew Saved.

Scranton, [illegible] Dec. 27.—The Norwegian bark G. S. Henry, which sailed from Brunswick, [illegible]ct. 28, for this port, is ashore at [illegible]w and will be a total wreck. The [illegible]argo is washing ashore. Only one of [illegible] crew was saved. Captain Tobias [illegible] was drowned.

Two K[illegible]ed While Hunting.

Dubois, P[illegible] Dec. 27.—Fred Gifford, aged 23, wa[illegible]illed near Penfield and Guiseppe G[illegible]volli, an Italian, was killed near [illegible]ita. Both were hunting when the ac[illegible]idents occurred.

RED CROSS SOCIETY HELPING.

Contributed $17,500 to Andijan Relief Fund and Has Sent Representatives to Organize Relief.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 27.—The Red Cross society is sending representatives to Andijan to organize relief for the earthquake sufferers, and has contributed $17,500 to the relief fund.

The oscillations of the earth at Andijan continue. The people there are using railroad cars to live in; they are not leaving the town on account of their business interests. Committees have been appointed to prepare lists of the losses of life and property. In the Andijan district 15,000 houses were destroyed. Until the shocks cease guards will be kept on the railroad between Andijan and Fedohenks to watch for fissures along the line. The railroad station at Andijan threatens to collapse. Barracks to be used as dwellings are being rapidly constructed and will soon be ready for occupancy.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Pekin, Dec. 27.—Lieutenant General Miles arrived here yesterday on a short visit. He will be received in audience by the imperial family and will review the Chinese troops.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 27.—Count Tolstoi has sent a personal appeal to the press asking the papers, in view of his advanced age and illnesses, not to publish any further reports of his condition, as they cause him pain.

Vienna, Dec. 27.—It is reported here on good authority that Archduke Ferdinand and the crown princess of Saxony and their companions purpose going to the United States, there being little probability of their finding congenial homes in Europe.

Panama, Dec. 27.—Victorino Lorenzo, the Indian leader, who fought with the revolutionists, made a sensational attempt to escape from confinement on board the Colombian cruiser Bogota Thursday. He was captured, however, and returned to the ship.

HE ALLEGES DISCRIMINATION.

R. W. Austin Has Filed Complaint With the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Washington, Dec. 27.—R. W. Austin, of Knoxville, Tenn., trading as the Live and Let Live Coal company, which company, he states, was formed to supply coal to the poor, and whose profits are donated to the Knoxville Women's Christian association for the poor, has filed a complaint with the interstate commerce commission, alleging that the Southern railway is discriminating in the supply of cars for the coal trade. Mr. Austin says his company's charges are "greatly below the extortionate prices per ton exacted by the other coal dealers of Knoxville and that these dealers have formed a combination and fixed a schedule of prices and agreed not to sell below that schedule. The complaint alleges that in furnishing cars for the transportation of coal from the mines at Jellico, Tenn., to Knoxville and other points on the Southern and connecting lines, the defendant company is discriminating against the complainant, the owners of the mines shipping to the complainant, the consumers and the city of Knoxville itself, and that the railroad company is legally required to furnish the complainant with sufficient cars to enable it to do business and compete on equal terms with other established coal dealers in Knoxville. An investigation is asked for.

Addressed to Dead Persons.

Defiance, O., Dec. 27.—More than 200 letters from a collecting agency in New York have come through the local postoffice to Defiance people. The letters state that the recipients had received, a year previous, a certain amount of jewelry from a New York firm, and that unless the sum due was remitted suit would be instituted. Many of these letters were addressed to persons dead or who had long since moved away. The postoffice inspectors have notified the local postmaster, instructing him to advise the recipients that the scheme was blackmail.

Death of Well-Known Authoress.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—Mrs. Mary Hartwell Catherwood, the well-known authoress, died at her residence, 4852 Washington avenue, last night, of cancer. Mrs. Catherwood was taken ill in October and steadily declined, until last night she succumbed to the disease. The funeral service will be held Sunday and interment will be at Hoopeston, Ill., her old home. Mrs. Catherwood is survived by her husband, John Steel Catherwood, and a daughter.

Merchant Killed, Store Burned.

Matthews, Ga., Dec. 27.—Edward Gay, a merchant, has been killed and his store burned. His safe, which contained $1,200, was found open and the money gone. Mr. Gay was called from his home by an unknown man, who asked him to change a bill. Not having the money, Gay walked with the man to the store and did not return. His skull was found in the ruins of the store.

Lose $50,000.

Newark, N. J., Dec. 27.—Fire last night did $50,000 damage to the Goerke company's department store, the establishments of the Paris Cloak and Suit company and the Ray Tailoring company.

Natural Gas Discovery.

Douglas, Wyo., Dec. 27.—Natural gas has been discovered 13 miles west of here, in an oil well. The gas threw gravel and sand far above the derrick, and was accompanied by a small flow of oil.

NOT WELL RECEIVED.

Latest Phase of Venezuelan Trouble Meets Lukewarm Welcome in London.

SAY ROOSEVELT ACTED WISELY.

Arbitration by President Had Been Looked Upon as So Desirable that His Refusal Has Caused Keen Disappointment to the British.

London, Dec. 27.—Except by the opponents of the government, who view it as a virtual defeat and as discrediting the ministry, the latest phase of the Venezuelan trouble has been welcomed very lukewarmly. Arbitration by President Roosevelt had been anticipated as so desirable an issue from a difficult business that his refusal, which is regarded as final, has caused keen disappointment. It is foreseen that even if satisfactory conditions to the submission of the disputes to The Hague court can be arranged this method will entail endless and wearisome details, with no assurance that at the end President Castro will still be in power or Venezuela in the mood to abide by the decision of The Hague. In short, that element of guarantee which would have accompanied President Roosevelt's acceptance of the office of arbitrator is now lacking. At the same time it is readily admitted that from the American point of view President Roosevelt has acted wisely in declining to act.

Tribute to Roosevelt.

The foregoing represents the general drift of newspaper comment this morning. The only paper which really welcomes the decision to refer the Venezuelan matter to The Hague is the radical Daily News, which sees a chance of making arbitration once more a reputable theory. Paying a tribute to the coolness of President Roosevelt and the correct attitude of the United States during this "sorry business," the Daily News says:

"The Venezuelan crisis has done much to enhance Mr. Roosevelt's reputation and to bring home to Englishmen the essential friendliness of the American people."

The Daily Mail, in a violent attack upon the government, says: "Thus ends perhaps the most inglorious episode in which Great Britain has engaged in recent years."

Keeping Vessels Out.

La Guaira, Dec. 27.—The Swedish bark Framnas, from Cardiff, with 475 tons of coal for the La Guaira-Caracas railway, a British concern, arrived off this port Thursday and was ordered to remain outside the blockade line. Yesterday orders were conveyed to the captain of the bark to leave. This step was taken because the coal was considered contraband of war. The vessel was not seized, as she left Cardiff before the trouble with Venezuela commenced. The captain of the Framnas is awaiting orders from his consignees.

The Dutch consul here has asked for and obtained the permission of the commander of the British cruiser Tribune to send a schooner to Los Roques, a group of small islands about 120 miles north of here, where the charcoal burners who trade with La Guaira are at present without provisions or water, their sloops having been seized by the blockaders. The schooner must carry a flag of truce. She can only take enough provisions to last the trip, and she will remove all the inhabitants of Los Roques to Willemstad, Curacao, and then return here.

Two schooners were captured yesterday morning. The total number of craft taken by the blockading fleet is now 20.

The Hague Tribunal Selected.

Washington, Dec. 27.—President Roosevelt will not be the arbitrator of the Venezuelan controversy. The whole vexatious subject will be referred for adjudication to The Hague tribunal. Epetomized this was the situation as it resolved itself at the conclusion of the cabinet meeting yesterday.

The presentation of the case met the hearty approval of the members of the cabinet. No fear is expressed by the administration that the Monroe doctrine will be brought into the controversy in any manner that might result in an embarrassing situation for the United States. Secretary Hay is preparing a note to the powers, in which the gratification of this government is expressed for the course agreed upon by them in settlement of the pending difficulties.

It is understood that some money must pass, but it also is known that the amount of cash to be required of Venezuela before the arbitration is not nearly so large as has been stated. It is not possible to learn, either, whether the allies insist upon apologies from Castro, and, while it is assumed that the blockade will be speedily raised, no arrangement to that end has yet been made.

Chief of Sculpture.

St. Louis, Dec. 27.—Carl Theodore Francis Bilter has been appointed chief of sculpture of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, taking the place of Frederick W. Ruckstuhl, who has resigned.

J. J. Lonergan Dead.

Cleveland, Dec. 27.—James J. Lonergan, president of the City Foundry company, died last night after an illness of a year's duration.

STEAMER IN GRASP OF ICE.

Crew Living on Bread and Water and With Only Enough Coal to Last 12 Hours.

Toledo, Dec. 27.—The steamer A. L. Hopkins, which left Detroit last Tuesday morning, en route to Toledo, and which was sighted abreast of Toledo light in Maumee bay Thursday, is now completely in the grasp of the ice and is in grave danger of being crushed and sunk. Yesterday a tug attempted to reach her, but was able to go only within a couple of miles of the boat. Yesterday evening the mate and two sailors of the vessel came to the city after a perilous trip over the ice. They were nearly frozen and tell an awful story of the condition of affairs on the boat. The three men who came in were John Baker, mate, of Buffalo; Albert Walters, Lorain, and William Yates, of Detroit. They were sent in by the captain to learn if anything was being done for the relief of the boat. According to the story told by the mate the vessel had little trouble in getting through the ice until it reached the bay. Then it attempted to turn back to Detroit, but was unable to get through the channel it had made six hours before. Then the vessel was taken back to a point off Toledo, where it was caught in the ice, and from which grasp it has not as yet been freed. The crew is living on bread and water. The only food the members of the crew had on Christmas day was a piece of bread, a slice of bacon and a baked potato. Since that they have had nothing save bread. The greater portion of the trip across the ice was made on hands and knees. The boat has a crew of 12 men. The coal supply, the mate said, could not last 12 hours.

THEY HELD A JOINT MEETING.

American Historical Society and American Economic Association Are in Annual Session.

Philadelphia, Dec. 27.—The American Historical society and the American Economic association, each of which will be in session in this city until Tuesday, formally opened their annual session last night by holding a joint meeting in the Drexel institute. Beginning today the organizations will hold separate sessions. There is a large attendance of professors from many of the educational institutions of the country.

Dr. Joseph Wharton, of the school of finance, University of Pennsylvania, welcomed both organizations after which the president of each society delivered his annual address. Captain A. T. Mahan, U. S. N., retired, president of the Historical society, spoke on "Subordination in Historical Treatment," and E. R. A. Seligman, professor of economics in Columbia university, president of the Economical association, had for his subject, "Economics and Social Progress."

Escaped in Night Clothes.

Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 27.—The Maxon block, opposite the Union station here, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday. The fire, which probably was caused by an overheated chimney, was a spectacular one. The total loss was $100,000; insurance about $75,000. The principal portion of the building was used as a hotel. In an adjoining building also was a hotel. The occupants of both were aroused and removed in safety by friends and others. Some of the hotel guests were compelled to flee in their night clothes.

Mr. Vanderbilt Steadily Improving.

New York, Dec. 27.—"Mr. Vanderbilt has passed the best day since his serious illness. He has made a distinct gain since Thursday." Dr. Austin Flint, Jr., made this statement as he left the Vanderbilt residence yesterday evening. Dr. Flint evidenced great confidence in the recovery of the patient.

Frozen to Death.

Lancaster, Dec. 27.—Thomas Monagan, an inmate of the county almshouse, was found a half mile from the institution yesterday morning, frozen to death. He was last seen alive on Thursday evening and was intoxicated.

Two Killed by Powder Explosion.

Steubenville, O., Dec. 27.—An Austrian woman was burned to death and a man killed by a powder explosion in a house boat on the Ohio river, near here, yesterday. The woman had tried to start a fire with gasoline. An explosion followed and she was burned to death. Her husband and boarders escaped from the boat, but were unable to secure her body. One of the boarders, an Austrian, went back after money he had hidden and was killed by an explosion of powder that he had stored in the boat.

Cardinal Gibbons at Pittsburg.

Baltimore, Dec. 27.—Cardinal Gibbons left here last night for Pittsburg, where he will take part in the celebration of the golden jubilee of the Passionist order. President Loree, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, tendered to his eminence the use of his private car, which was attached to the 7:30 p. m. Pittsburg express train. The cardinal expects to return to Baltimore early next week.

Tomb Guard.

Cincinnati, Dec. 27.—Lieutenants Reece and Inglehart, with two sergeants and four corporals and 30 privates of Company M, Third United States infantry, left Fort Thomas, Ky., yesterday for Canton, O., where they will serve as the special guard around President McKinley's tomb. They will receive a detachment of the Fourteenth infantry.

DUN'S TRADE REVIEW

Industrial Enterprizes Interrupted by Taking of Inventories and Fuel Shortage.

ORDERS COME FORWARD FREELY

Healthy Tone in Iron and Steel and Bright Outlook for the Coming Year—Very Large Amount of Business Will Be Carried Over.

New York, Dec. 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, says in part:

Trade and speculation experienced the customary holiday quiet, except in Christmas goods, which sold freely, many packing and shipping departments being still engaged on this class of work, which could not be completed at the specified time. Industrial undertakings are interrupted in many cases by the taking of inventories, while other plants are closed because fuel cannot be obtained. Orders still come forward freely, and the new year will open with more business on the books than ever before. Prices of commodities are firmly held by the steady domestic demand, and there is a good export movement of the leading staples. In this, as in many other instances, however, there is still the drawback of inadequate transporting facilities which restrict shipments to the seaboard. Financial conditions are satisfactory. Railway earnings thus far reported for the month of December surpass last year's by 5.0 per cent and those of 1900 by 11.6 per cent.

Healthy Tone in Iron and Steel.

Quiet conditions in the iron and steel industry unaccompanied by any sign of weakness testify to the healthy tone and suggest a bright outlook for the coming year. Furnaces and mills will extend the season of idleness beyond the usual time, not because orders are lacking, but in order to accumulate a moderate supply of coke. The situation in regard to shipments from Connellsville has not improved. A very large amount of business will be carried over into next year, probably more than in any previous season. New contracts have come forward more slowly of late, mainly because of the uncertainty as to date of delivery, although there are prospective purchasers who still anticipate better terms in 1903. Foreign pig iron is offered slightly below domestic quotations, but neither imported nor home made iron is available for immediate use in large quantities. Independent steel mills claim that they are unable to pay present prices for billets, which cost $31, or more for early shipment. Reports from the south show a large increase in production, as compared with any preceding year. The strongest department of this industry appears to be steel bars.

In woolen goods there is a good demand, overcoatings providing the chief feature, but cloak manufacturers have also bought freely, especially of light colored lines. Woolen and worsted dress goods are quiet, but steady, and light supplies sustain flannels. Wool is strong, with a further advance anticipated next year.

Failures for the week numbered 209 in the United States, against 250 last year, and 21 in Canada, compared with 23 a year ago.

Arrested on Suspicion.

Lancaster, Pa., Dec. 27.—The body of Jacob H. Rostick, the Pennsylvania railroad track walker, whose body was found on the tracks two weeks ago near this city, with the skull fractured and a bloody pick handle nearby, was exhumed yesterday and a bullet found at the base of the brain. The murderers had planed to hide their crime by placing the body so that the cars would run over it. Two young men from Columbia named McCoy and Gutterman are under arrest, and the authorities claim they have strong evidence against them.

Army Officer Missing.

Denver, Dec. 27. Second Lieutenant William M. Kistler, Company M, Eighteenth United States infantry, has been missing from Fort Logan for nearly two weeks. The Denver police department has been asked to assist in a search for him. Lieutenant Kistler is 23 years old. He enlisted as a private in the Sixth cavalry six years ago at Philadelphia. Shortly thereafter he went to the Philippines and saw service in and about Manila.

Coadjutor to Archbishop Elder.

Cincinnati, Dec. 27.—An official letter from Rome, creating the office of coadjutor to Archbishop Elder, has been received here. A vote will be taken by the irremovable rectors and councillors of the diocese, then by the bishops of the province, and afterward by the archbishops of the country. The three lists will be sent to the propaganda, which will recommend to the pope. The pope then will announce his decision.

Marconi Congratulated.

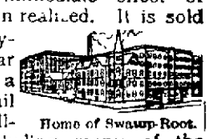
Glace Bay, N. S., Dec. 27. The following message was received yesterday by Marconi in reply to his wireless telegram to the Italian minister of marine: "Considering the cooperation of the navy as a duty which was owed to you, I am happy and proud to have been responsible for arranging that it should be given. I congratulate you cordially upon the great success obtained. Morin."

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy, **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

WANTED -- HORSES

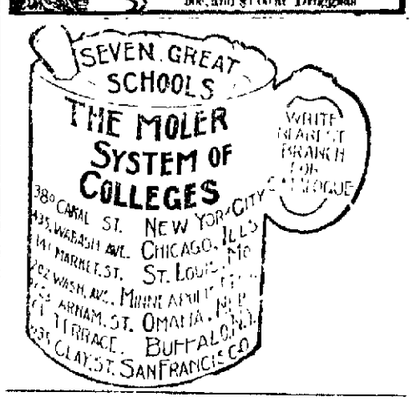
To winter at the Dalton Stock Farm, 1¼ miles northeast of Dalton. All calls by phone or mail promptly answered.

We also buy horses.

L. S. RUDY.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists



Factory Sale

OF

Pianos and Organs

FOR SEVEN DAYS ONLY.

A Chance to Buy a Piano at Your Own Price.

Don't compare this sale with the so-called sales, but this is a **Genuine sale.**

We will sell you a piano for **less money** and on **easier terms** than has ever been sold in this locality.

We placed our order in October last, for a large number of **Wessell Pianos** for our Christmas trade, but on account of delay at the factory, and of the railroads, we did not receive them in time for our Christmas trade. **Mr. Wessell** has **authorized** us to sell them at a **big reduction** if sold by January 3rd, rather than have them returned, and in order to make this sale a **success** and reduce our stock before invoicing, we have added the **Kingsbury** and **Jndeman Pianos** and a fine line of scarfs $2.00 up to $3.00; Stools $1.25 up to $2.25 and **Chicago Cottage Organs, $58.00,** in this sale.

Remember they must be **sold by January 3rd and no Peasonable Offer Refused.** Come early and make your selections.

Open evenings till 9 o'clock.

Meuser Bros,

88-90 North Erie Street, and 42 West Main Street.

Next to Goodrich & Shreve.

Massillon, - - - - - Ohio.

WM. JONES & JOHN,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND ENBALMERS,

Night and Day Calls Attended to Promptly.

Phone 492, North Lawrence, Ohio.

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. William Cummings and children, of Akron, are visiting Massillon relatives

Miss Edna Farrell, of Altoona, Pa., is visiting at the home of her uncle, J. A. Farrell, 39 Henry street.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob F. Meyer and son Dorcey, of Portland, Ind., are guests at the home of John Meyer, in West Main street.

Canton school officials are discussing the question of doing away with the elaborate commencement exercises heretofore given.

John Nichol, of Alliance, charged with selling liquor after closing hours, was fined $50 and costs, amounting in all to $77.25.

A. F. Graber and son have bought out Hawes' meat market in the Humberger block in West Main street and will take possession January 1.

More than one hundred newsboys were guests of The Independent Company at the Armory Thursday afternoon, where they saw the performance of "The Captain's Mate" by the Bennett-Moulton Company.

The body of the late Mrs. S. E. Gay, whose death occurred on Tuesday in Portland, Ore., will be brought to Cincinnati for burial. Funeral services will be held in the chapel of Spring Grove cemetery Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

The erection of the new box factory in Clay street by William P. Rhine is rapidly nearing completion and all arrangements are being made to begin the work of manufacturing cigar boxes on the first of the month. Already orders for a large number of boxes have been received. Mr. Rhine expects to supply the entire Massillon trade.

Through a mistake, tickets for the fourth number in the Massillon Lecture Course were dated January 4. This number will be given Friday evening, January 2 Miss Lucia May Wiant, interpreter, reader and pantomimist, will be the attraction. Reserved seats may be secured at Manager Lipps's office in North Mill street, after Tuesday morning, Dec. 30.

Herbert Lowrey, who has for the past eight months had charge of the local office of the Pacific Express Company, left today for Wheeling W. Va., where he will assume the duties of manager of the office in that city. Mrs. Lowrey will accompany him. S. F. Gordon, of Wheeling, W. Va., will take charge of the local office, having reached the city Friday morning.

On October 15 Kesiah O'Neil was granted a divorce from her husband, William G. Byzell, of Canton, on the grounds of extreme cruelty. Tuesday afternoon the couple called at the probate judge's office and was granted a license to be married again, the marriage taking place Christmas afternoon. Two weeks ago the ex-wife had her former husband arrested on a peace warrant, but failed to appear against him.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth McGrath took place from St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock Friday morning. The pall bearers were Jacob, George and Charles Leies, Gus Ehret and William and George Lohr. The Rev. J. F. Kuebler officiated and interment was made in St. Joseph's cemetery. Among those from out of town who attended the funeral were William Lohr and Miss Minnie Lohr, of Akron; Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Leies, of Wooster; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kapp, John McGrath and Miss Nellie McGrath, of Alliance; John McLain, of Troy, and G. Ehret and family, of Canton.

A special car conveyed to Canton Friday evening the Massillon guests at a supper and card party given by Miss Mary Harter. Supper was served at small tables and progressive euchre was played afterwards. The prizes were won by Maurice R Bissell, of Massillon, and Miss Fast, of Canton. The guests from Massillon were Mr. and Mrs. Per Lee Hunt, Miss Hunt, Mr. and Mrs H. A. Croxton, Mr and Mrs Maurice R Bissell, Mrs Albert Phillips, Mr and Mrs. Arvine Wales, Mr and Mrs. Frank C. McLain, Mr. and Mrs. John E. McLain, Miss Russell, Miss Ricks, Miss Jessie Russell and George Culver.

Mrs. Charles Steese gave a children's party Friday afternoon at her Prospect street residence for her nephew, Master Norman White, of Brookline, Mass. The guests were the Misses Elizabeth Wales, Eleanor Arnold, Katherine Hunt, Barbara Merwin, Elizabeth and Margaret Day, Herman Albright, James and Herbert Croxton, Carleton and Henry Albrecht, of this city, and Miss Katherine McLain, of New York. A gorgeous Christmas tree, covered with ornaments and sparkling with diamond dust was presided over by a real Santa Claus and there were gifts for every one—horses for the boys, books and dolls for the girls. Appropriate refreshments were served in the form of candy and gingerbread animals. The guests remained until 4 o'clock.

NEARBY TOWNS.

WEST BROOKFIELD.

West Brookfield, Dec. 26.—Roy Miller is visiting his mother, Mrs. Annette Miller.

Miss Goldie Ralston is spendin , the holidays with relatives of this place.

The Mises Nettie and Daisy Miller and Letta Chandler are visiting at Cleveland.

Miss Anna Frantz, of West Lebanon, has returned home after vis ting several days with Ethel Reinoehl.

Mr. and Mrs. Motman gave a surprise party Thursday evening in honor of their nephew, Mr. Clark.

Miss Edna Jones, of Cleveland, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Richel have gone to housekeeping.

The M. E. Sunday school gave an entertainment Christmas eve, and the Lutheran church Christmas night.

John Borel had his hand injured at the mine this week.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ickes, a daughter.

Mrs. H. M. Minnick is visiting at Canal Fulton.

SIXTEEN.

Sixteen, Dec. 26. — Mrs. Wilson Singer and family, of Stanwood visited at this place on Tuesday.

Jacob Christman fell from a hay loft to the barn floor below, sustaining serious injuries.

Cyrus Dunham butchered a beef Tuesday night.

A literary society will be organized at this place on Friday evening, December 26.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, Dec. 26. — Mrs. Charles Weil and daughter, Miss Estella Weil, are visiting friends in Akron and Barberton.

Miss C. M. Pomeroy is spending the holidays with friends in Akron and Cuyahoga Falls.

Miss Helen Wallace, of Cleveland, is the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Easly.

A business mission called William Hammer and S S. Bliler, of the tool works, to Massillon Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Schembechler and three children, of Kent, O., are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. Charles Ott and daughter, of Barberton, are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Krear.

Married, at Marlboro, December 21, by the Rev. J. H. Miller, S, J. Reighart and Miss Flora M. Glapsaddle.

John McLaughlin, of Leetonia, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. McLaughlin, south of town.

Mr. and Mrs. John Snyder, of Cleveland, are the guests of Mrs. Snyder's sister, Mrs. William Bisker, of this place.

Misses Gertrude Schmader and Louisa Paul, of Massillon, spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Paul.

Max Schumacher, of Akron, was in Fulton Thursday on business for the Pioneer Cereal Manufacturing Company, of which he is manager.

The Misses Louise Blank and Frances Steiner are at their homes here this week, the Massillon Actual Business college, at which they are students, being closed for the holidays.

Daniel Patton and Miss Kittie Patton left Wednesday evening for Los Angeles, Cal., where they will spend three months. They will stop at Chicago and other interesting points en route.

Frank B. Welch, of Massillon, formerly sub-district president of the United Mine Workers, was a Fulton visitor Monday. Mr. Welch, until recently, was in the saloon business in Massillon.

John Mossop, of North Lawrence, came to Fulton Monday evening to meet his son, Isaac Mossop, of Lorain, who he expected to arrive to spend the holidays. Mr. Mossop, who is now a member of the national auditing committee of the United Mine Workers, will leave shortly for Indianapolis to take up the annual committee work.

OUT DOOR RELIEF.

Stark County is Second in Amount Expended.

Reports from fourteen of the seventeen townships in Stark county to the state board of charities, give the following figures regarding outdoor relief for the year ending June 30, 1902: The total number of persons relieved, including men, women and children, was 577. The total amount expended in the townships was $11,312.97. Of this amount $1,957.65 was expended for physicians; $1,494.63 for fuel; $5,708.97 for food; $933.50 for clothing; $175.50 for funerals; $440.70 for transportation; $584.85 for nursing, and $53.12 for per diem of township trustees. One township had no expenditures. Only one other county in the state expended more money than Stark, the amount in Hamilton county being $11,313.07.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though Dr Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels

THE HUMBERT SWINDLE.

History of the Remarkable Case In Paris.

The swindling conducted by M. and Mme. Frederic Humbert, who have just been arrested in Madrid, was regarded as the most extraordinary case of the kind in Paris since the famous diamond necklace affair of 1785, says the New York Tribune. M. Humbert was the son of the minister of justice in the French cabinet in 1882 and was himself at one time a member of the chamber of deputies from the department of the Seine. He married Mlle. Therese d'Aurignac in Nice in 1878. She had been the nurse of an American, Henry Robert Crawford, who had died and, it was alleged, had left her his enormous fortune. Just as she was about to enter upon possession of the fortune, as she alleged, there appeared two nephews of Mr. Crawford, who set up a will by which the estate was left to them and Mlle. Marie d'Aurignac, a younger sister of Mme. Humbert, on condition that an annuity of $72,000 was paid to the latter. The case was then contested in the courts by a variety of proceedings, appeals and miscellaneous litigation that dragged on interminably under the French judicial system. But Mme. Humbert always had plenty of money, and on the strength of allegations that the fortune of $20,000,000 was locked up in her safe, which she had had sealed by order of the court, she conducted business enterprises of magnitude. She founded a life insurance company in which many workmen were insured, and lived in the finest style in one of the principal streets of Paris. Her picture collection was a most noteworthy one, and the sale of the treasures after she fled realized a large sum. In all the legal proceedings no one saw the two alleged Crawford nephews, and when the expose came it was concluded that they were as mythical as the fortune they were supposed to be seeking.

The business affairs of the Humberts were conducted on the principle of borrowing from one to pay another, and the result was that finally a persistent creditor secured an order for the official opening of the safe, where securities supposed to represent $20,000,000 were alleged to be. Then the glistening bubble burst, for no money or article of value was found in the receptacle after M. and Mme. Humbert had fled. Nothing was in it but some paste diamonds, valueless gold mine shares and newspapers. It was found that some of the choicest of the paintings in the house had been replaced by copies and that the country chateau of the Humberts had no trace of the money. The private yacht and other property of the Humberts were seized and sold.

It was found that the Humberts had negotiated loans with many of the leading bankers of Paris amounting to $10,000,000 and had also induced many persons to invest in their insurance company. They had entertained lavishly and moved in the most fashionable circles.

Substitute For Cane Rushes.

A rope rush is the latest development of the annual interclass contest between the freshmen and sophomores of New York university, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. Owing to the faculty's ban upon the historic cane rush as being too strenuous the students were obliged to turn to some other form of contest to settle the ancient rights and privileges of the winners. The rope rush was finally settled upon as being the proper thing. The rules governing this new interclass contest call for a hundred foot square for the struggle, and each member of the contending classes is furnished with a length of rope. At a given signal the classes rush together, and when the referee's whistle blows at the end of thirty minutes the class that has the greatest number of its opponents trussed up and filed neatly away wins.

No "Prerog." Over American Girls.

Sir Michael Herbert, the British ambassador, as the guest of the Tantalus club in Washington the other night was the recipient of much genial hospitality and a few sly hints, says the New York Tribune. The most direct hit came from Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania. After a mock serious discussion of the speakership and the prerogatives of American citizens he mentioned one of the rights of British citizens, according to Blackstone, which was "the right to beat his wife with a stick no larger than his thumb." "That is coupled with the provision," added Mr. Palmer, with a courteous bow to the British ambassador, "that he has not married a Yankee girl. In that case the prerogative doesn't 'prerog.'"

A Permanent Residence.

The ambition of the Rev. Henry N. Couden, chaplain of the house, to succeed Chaplain Milburn in the senate has called forth a certain measure of remonstrance from the lower legislative body, says a Washington dispatch to the New York Tribune. "Why are you so willing to leave the garden of oratory on this side of the capitol for that graveyard of oratory on the other?" inquired a sarcastic representative the other day. "My son," was the calm answer of the chaplain, "one stays longer in the graveyard."

The Hawks and the Eagle.

Two greedy hawks one day espied
A fluttering magpie; down they sped
And pecked and clawed, both full of pride;
An eagle wheeled far overhead.

Up from the bleeding little bird
Went screams for pity, shrieks of dread;
The hawks stayed not for what they heard;
The eagle still wheeled overhead.

The greedy hawks peck on and claw;
Their sharp and cruel beaks are red;
In their rough dealings might is law;
The eagle's wheeling overhead.
—S. E. Kiser in Chicago Record-Herald.

One Killed, Two Maimed.

Harrisburg, Dec 27.—Returning to their homes, a car containing workingmen employed on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad was backed Thursday night on a siding near Hummelstown and collided with an unprotected draught of cars, killing Charles J. Landrus, of Hummelstown, and maiming Harry M. Zug and Solomon G. Ramsey for life. Zug and Ramsey were brought to the Harrisburg hospital.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, Dec. 23, 1902:

LADIES.

Cake, Miss Minnie — Whitman, Miss Nellie
Pratt, Mrs. Frank — Zollars, Mrs. Susie

MEN.

Barley, Philip — Snyder, E. J.
Life, Louis — Snydlea, Josef
Mattern, Adam — Sticker, Fred
MacKenzie, Capt. A.L. — Vogt, Herman

FOREIGN.

Frechne, Jano Chovan.
Knall, Johann.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

NO GUESS WORK HERE.

All Massillon People Have to do is to Follow the Example of Fellow Citizens.

Facts are stubborn.
Some may be disputed.
None can be disproved.
A fact is the opposite of fiction.
Is always hedged about with proof,
Has to stand the test of investigation.
Or it drifts to the realm of doubt.
Investigate closely the following
The closer the scrutiny the more convincing the result.
A Massillon citizen speaks here;
Speaks from experience and conviction.
Relates facts—stubborn facts:
That may be disputed but cannot be disproven.

Mr Nicholas Youngblood, corner of Third and Elizabeth streets, says: "Mr Youngblood's business, that of a moulder, necessitates much bending and stooping. This combined with the heavy lifting, brought such a strain on his back that it affected his kidneys greatly At times he was scarcely able to be about He had the good fortune to learn of Doan's Kidney Pills and he procured them at Z T. Baltzly's drug store, 12 South Erie Street. He was so much benefited that he bought a second box and the use of this absolutely cured him I can also vouch personally as to the wonderful value of Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents Foster-Milburn Co, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL	
Wheat	72
Loose hay, per ton	$8–$10
Baled hay	$11 0
Straw, per ton	$5 00 6 0
Corn (new)	45–50
orn (old)	70
Oats (new)	30–32
Clover Seed	4 00–5 05
Salt, per barrel	$ 1 00
Timothy Seed	1 50
Rye, per bu	50
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool (best medium)	13–20
Wool (fine)	12–14
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	1 10
Middlings, per 100 lbs	1 20
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Apples	50–60
Potatoes, per bushel	40–45
White beans	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	24–25
Eggs (fresh)	24
Spring Chickens, live per lb	10
Chickens, dressed per lb	12½
Turkeys, dressed, 14c; Live	11
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	13
Shoulder	11
Lard	11

Everybody's liable to itching piles Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe: can't fail

Administrator's Notice of Sale.

John Walter, Adm'r of Jacob Shelt, deceased, Plaintiff, vs. Elizabeth Shelt et al.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Wayne County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on the

10th day of January, 1903,

at one o'clock, upon the premises, the following described real estate, situate in the County of Stark, and State of Ohio, 1½ miles northwest of North Lawrence, to-wit:

A part of the northwest quarter of section thirty (30), range ten (10), and township one (1), being taken from the east center part of the north half of said quarter. Beginning at a point where the Massillon road intersects with the east line of said quarter section; thence in a westerly direction with the line of said road ten and two-sixteenth (10 2-16) rods to a stake; thence south 15.65 rods to a point; thence in an easterly direction 10 2-16 rods to a point; thence north to the place of beginning, containing in all one acre, more or less.

Said property is appraised at $700.

Terms of Sale—Cash, or one-third cash in hand, one-third cash in one year and one-third in two years. Deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the said premises, and to bear 6 per cent interest from day of sale, payable annually.

JOHN WALTER, Administrator,
By his Attorneys,
TAYLOR & TAYLOR.

December 8, 1902.

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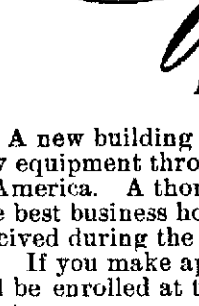

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